## Area of a Square



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\text { side } \times \text { side } \\
& =s^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Area of a Rectangle



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\text { length } \times \text { width } \\
& =l w
\end{aligned}
$$

## Area of a Circle



## Area $=\pi \times$ radius ${ }^{2}$ <br> $=\pi r^{2}$

## Area of a Parallelogram



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\text { base } \times \text { height } \\
& =b h
\end{aligned}
$$

## Area of a Rhombus



Area $=$ diagonal $1 \times$ diagonal $2 \times \frac{1}{2}$
$=\frac{d_{1} \times d_{2}}{2}$

## Area of a Trapezium



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\frac{1}{2} \times(\text { parallel side } a+\text { parallel side } b) \times \text { height } \\
& =\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h
\end{aligned}
$$

## Area of a Sector

Regent Studies | www.regentstudies.com

Area $=\frac{\theta}{360} \times \pi \times$ radius $^{2}$
$=\frac{\theta}{360} \pi r^{2}$

## Area of a Triangle



Area $=\frac{1}{2} \times$ base $\times$ perpendicular height
$=\frac{b h}{2}$

## Surface Area of a Sphere



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Surface Area } & =4 \times \pi \times \text { radius }^{2} \\
& =4 \pi r^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Surface Area of a Cylinder



Surface Area $=2 \times \pi \times$ radius $^{2}+2 \times \pi \times$ radius $\times$ height $=2 \pi r^{2}+2 \pi r h$

## Volume of a Pyramid



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Volume } & =\frac{1}{3} \times \text { area of base } \times \text { height } \\
& =\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{Ah}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Volume of a Prism



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Volume } & =\text { area of cross section } \times \text { height } \\
& =A h
\end{aligned}
$$

## Volume of a Sphere



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Volume } & =\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times \text { radius }^{3} \\
& =\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Volume of a Cone



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Volume } & =\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times \text { radius }^{2} \times h e i g h t \\
& =\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h
\end{aligned}
$$

## Area of a Square



## Area $=$ side $\times$ side $=s^{2}$

## Area of a Rectangle



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\text { length } \times \text { width } \\
& =l w
\end{aligned}
$$

## Area of a Circle



# Area $=\pi \times$ radius ${ }^{2}$ $=\pi r^{2}$ 

## Area of a Parallelogram



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\text { base } \times \text { height } \\
& =b h
\end{aligned}
$$

## Area of a Rhombus



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\text { diagonal } 1 \times \text { diagonal } 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \\
& =\frac{d_{1} \times d_{2}}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Area of a Trapezium



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\frac{1}{2} \times(\text { parallel side } a+\text { parallel side } b) \times \text { height } \\
& =\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h
\end{aligned}
$$

## Area of a Sector



Area $=\frac{\theta}{360} \times \pi \times$ radius $^{2}$

$$
=\frac{\theta}{360} \pi r^{2}
$$

## Area of a Triangle




$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Area } & =\frac{1}{2} \times \text { base } \times \text { perpendicular height } \\
& =\frac{b h}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Surface Area of a Sphere



# Surface Area $=4 \times \pi \times$ radius $^{2}$ <br> $=4 \pi r^{2}$ 

## Surface Area of a Cylinder



Surface Area $=2 \times \pi \times$ radius $^{2}+2 \times \pi \times$ radius $\times$ height $=2 \pi r^{2}+2 \pi r h$

## Volume of a Pyramid



Volume $=\frac{1}{3} \times$ area of base $\times$ height

$$
=\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{Ah}
$$

## Volume of a Prism



## Volume $=$ area of cross section $\times$ height = $A h$

# Volume of a Sphere 



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Volume } & =\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times \text { radius }^{3} \\
& =\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

# Volume of a Cone 



$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Volume } & =\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times \text { radius }^{2} \times \text { height } \\
& =\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h
\end{aligned}
$$



